

2025 Administrative Performance Report of the Ministry of Finance

1. Managing sound public finances to cultivate national fiscal capacity.

- (1) Strengthening fiscal capacity to support government administration.
- (2) Advancing the efficacy of national treasury agent institutions and strengthening financial management.
- (3) Responding to U.S. tariff policies, enhancing consumer resilience.
- (4) Optimizing treasury payment services to improve the efficacy of electronic payments.
- (5) Strengthening debt management to adhere to fiscal discipline.
- (6) Enhancing local fiscal autonomy and strengthening assistance in local government finance.
- (7) Enhancing public welfare lottery administration to support social welfare funding.
- (8) Advancing the management of government-owned shares to enhance operational synergies.
- (9) Strengthening the management of revenues from charges and fees, fines, indemnities, and other revenues of agencies to fully implement the charges and fees collection system.
- (10) Strengthening tobacco and alcohol management to maintain drinking safety.

2. Optimizing the tax system, innovating tax policy, and building up a high-quality tax environment

- (1) Promoting reasonable taxation and optimizing our tax environment.
- (2) Strengthening tax collection to maintain fairness.
- (3) Implementing measures to improve tax services and simplify administration.
- (4) Improving the version 2.0 of the differential tax rate of the house tax and implementing housing justice.
- (5) Providing fiscal support measures in response to U.S. tariffs, including enhanced tax incentives and tax deferrals/installment payments.
- (6) Continuously promoting the signing of income tax agreements to foster a favorable investment environment.
- (7) Implementing international standards on tax transparency and enhancing cross-border tax certainty.
- (8) Enhancing international tax and financial collaboration to align with global standards and deepen international participation
- (9) Extending tax reduction measures for key raw materials to stabilize domestic prices.

3. Advancing the digitization and innovation of technological inspection, while enhancing the security and facilitation of customs clearance services

- (1) Promoting the rationalization of customs regulations to enhance customs services.
- (2) Improving the real-name authentication and declaration control mechanisms for express consignments to strengthen border management.
- (3) Adopting measures to prevent illicit transshipment in response to the United States' reciprocal tariff policy.
- (4) Implementing electronic commodity tax refund processing for imported electric vehicles to improve customs clearance efficiency.
- (5) Implementing alignment of tariff classification with international standards and fulfilling commitments to tariff reductions.
- (6) Implementing anti-dumping measures to maintain the fair-trade environment.
- (7) Upgrade technology-driven inspection equipment to strengthen border enforcement efficiency.
- (8) Utilizing AI technology to improve customs inspection efficiency.
- (9) Optimizing electronic management of bonded zones.
- (10) Advancing the electronic operation of price investigation and post clearance audit, as well as AI applications.
- (11) Continuing to promote the signing of customs agreements to enhance international customs cooperation and strengthen trade security and facilitation.

4. Diversifying utilization of national assets to enhance asset activation efficiency

- (1) Revitalizing national public-use property.
- (2) Diversifying the use of national non-public-use real estate.
- (3) Executing the "Plan for Strengthening Clean-Up of Occupied National Non-Public-Use Real Estate-Phase 2."
- (4) Revitalizing national assets in coordination with the promotion of national green energy policies.
- (5) Assisting government agencies at all levels in appropriating national real estate for official or public infrastructure projects to facilitate national development.
- (6) Promoting property e-management.
- (7) Actively exploring and taking over national real estate to facilitate the utilization of non-public use properties.
- (8) Clarifying and organizing changes in the national property database.

- (9) Entrusting National Land Surveying and Mapping Center, Ministry of the Interior, to take aerial photography in order to make good use of national properties.
- (10) Revitalizing military bases through transformation into national non-public-use property.
- (11) Promoting the greenification and beautification of national non-public use land and the adoption of real estate to improve management efficiency.
- (12) Executing “Salute to the Sea: Coastal Cleaning and Maintenance Program.”
- (13) Promoting organic agriculture and facilitating agriculture-friendly environments and the sustainable use of resources.
- (14) Executing the “Project for the Restoration, Management, and Conservation of National Non-Public Use Cultural Heritage Sites.”
- (15) Assisting in promoting areca nut control, taking into account soil and water conservation and the income of farmers.
- (16) Processing applications for deferred collection and refund of rent for the expansion of lands reserved for indigenous people, thereby realizing the restoration of rights.
- (17) Promoting joint development and construction of office facilities through the introduction of private capital.

5. Utilizing diversified PPP models to expand infrastructure volume and scale, and enhance public service quality and efficiency

- (1) Achieving annual objectives of private investment in infrastructure.
- (2) Continuously optimizing the PPIP legal framework and mechanisms, and making policies to guide agencies in implementing PPP projects.
- (3) Actively providing promotion, counseling, and incentive measures to expand infrastructure volume and scale.
- (4) Strengthening supervision and performance evaluation, and providing PPP dispute mediation services.

6. Innovating applications of information and communication technologies, and enhancing value-added benefits of AI

- (1) Optimizing the core tax system, establishing a sustainable, energy-saving, and secure environment, and enhancing the capacity to serve the public.
- (2) Promoting cloud invoices, developing and refining various thoughtful and user-friendly services, and improving application value and efficiency.
- (3) Enhancing the benefits of AI implementation, refining tax data analysis techniques, and strengthening the capacity for tax audit support.
- (4) Expanding the range of the local online taxation services, refining and enhancing all services to improve the efficiency of tax inquiries and payment.

- (5) Expanding the resource pool of the Unified Data Center of the Ministry of Finance to enhance the robustness and security of the infrastructure platform.
- (6) Optimizing cloud backup and core functionality emergency response mechanisms, and enhancing the resilience of data transmission across agencies.